XIII.—Description of a new Species of the Zetides Section of Papilio. By F. Moore, F.Z.S., A.L.S.

Zetides Acheron, n. sp.

Nearest to Z. Axion. Upper side differs in the medial transverse band being broader, the discoidal spots longer, and the marginal spots larger. Underside: markings more nacreous than in Z. Axion or Z. Telephus: fore wing with the medial transverse band much broader throughout and very slenderly divided by the veins; discoidal spots all larger, the two terminals well separated, the penultimate upper spot entire: hind wing with a very broad medial band of wider extent than in Z. Evemon; the subbasal costal red-banded streak also broad; the black spot at end of the cell linear and narrow, with the red lunule situated outside the cell between the lower subcostal and radial vein; a red lunule (but no preceding black spot) between the radial and upper median; the other two succeeding black spots being quadrate, and their red lunule recurved; the marginal row of spots of a conical shape, their upper end almost touching the red lunules.

Expanse $3\frac{1}{8}$ inches. Hab. N.E. Bengal. In coll. F. Moore.

XIV.—A new Frog (Rana sternosignata) from Sind. By James A. Murray, Curator of the Kurrachee Municipal Museum.

In this paper I have to add a Batrachian to the already known

forms in Sind.

I am indebted for the specimens to Captain J. Babington Peile of the P. W. own Grenadiers, who very kindly undertook to make a collection of specimens for the Kurrachee Museum, when on the Zhob Valley expedition, and to Mr. J. Strachan, M.I.C.E., of the Kurrachee Municipality. Capt. Peile's specimens are from Zandra in Afghanistan and Quetta, and Mr. Strachan's from Mulleer near Kurrachee.

Rana sternosignata, sp. nov.

Head broad, without an occipital fold. Gape 1.5 inch across. Snout rounded, without canthus rostralis, nostrils nearer the eye than the end of the snout. Tympanum rather indistinct, about one third the size of the eye. Interorbital space slightly concave and as wide as the upper eyelid. A plait behind the eye above the tympanum not very distinct in some speci-